9

QUESTION PAPER SERIES CODE

A

Centre Name :
Roll No. :
Name of Candidate :

SAU

Entrance Test for M.Phil./Ph.D. (International Relations), 2014

[PROGRAMME CODE : PIR]

Time: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 100

INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES

Candidates must carefully read the following instructions before attempting the Question Paper:

- (i) Write your Name, Roll Number and Centre Name in the space provided for the purpose on the top of this Question Paper and in the OMR/Answer Sheet.
- (ii) This Question Paper has Three Parts: Part—A, Part—B and Part—C.
- (iii) Part—A has 25 questions (Objective-type) of **1** mark each. All questions are compulsory.
- (iv) Part—B has 25 questions (Objective-type) of **1** mark each. All questions are compulsory.
- (v) Part—C has 8 questions (Essay-type) out of which, only **two** should be answered. Each question carries **25** marks.
- (vi) Please darken the appropriate Circle of 'Question Paper Series Code' and 'Programme Code' on the OMR/Answer Sheet in the space provided.
- (vii) Part—A and Part—B (Multiple-choice) questions should be answered on OMR/Answer Sheet, and 'Essay-type' answers for Part—C should be written in the Answer Book.
- (viii) Answers written by the candidates inside the Question Paper will **NOT** be evaluated.
- (ix) Calculators and Log Tables may be used. Mobile Phones are NOT allowed.
- (x) Pages at the end have been provided for Rough Work.
- (xi) Return the Question Paper and the OMR/Answer Sheet to the Invigilator at the end of the Entrance Test.
- (xii) DO NOT FOLD THE OMR/ANSWER SHEET.

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INSTRUCTIONS FOR MARKING ANSWERS IN THE 'OMR SHEET' Use BLUE/BLACK Ballpoint Pen Only

1. Please ensure that you have darkened the appropriate Circle of 'Question Paper Series Code' and 'Programme Code' on the OMR Sheet in the space provided.

Example:

Question Paper Series Code Vrite Question Paper Series Code A or B and darken appropriate circle.	Programme Code Write Programme Code out of 14 codes given and darken appropriate circle.						
A or B		Write P	rogra	ımme C	ode		
		MEC	0	МАМ	0	PCS	0
B		MSO	0	MLS	0	PBT	0
		MIR	0	PEC	0	PAM	0
		MCS	0	PSO	0	PLS	0
		MBT	0	PIR	•		

- 2. Use only Blue/Black Ballpoint Pen to darken the Circle. Do not use Pencil to darken the Circle for Final Answer.
- 3. Please darken the whole Circle.
- 4. Darken <u>ONLY ONE CIRCLE</u> for each question as shown below in the example :

Wrong	Wrong	Wrong	Wrong	Correct
● ⓑ ⓒ ●	\$ 600	8 0 0 8	⊚ b c ●	@ 6 0 ●

- 5. Once marked, no change in the answer is allowed.
- 6. Please do not make any stray marks on the OMR Sheet.
- 7. Please do not do any rough work on the OMR Sheet.
- 8. Mark your answer only in the appropriate circle against the number corresponding to the question.
- 9. There will be no negative marking in evaluation.
- 10. Write your six digits Roll Number in small boxes provided for the purpose; and also darken appropriate circle corresponding to respective digits of your Roll Number as shown in the example below.

Example:

ROLL NUMBER

1	3	5	7	2	0
•	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	•	2
3		3	3	3	3
	(4)				
	(5)				
	6				
	0				
8	8	8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9	9	9
0	0	0	0	0	

PART-A

		o is the author of		3	
	(a)	Mohsin Hamid			
	(b)	Karen Roberts			
	(c)	Anita Desai			
	(d)	Fareed Zakaria			
2.	Who	o among the follow Creation of Bangl	ing ha adesh	as recently published a book titled, 1971: A Glob	oal History of
	(a)	Srinath Raghava	ın		
	(b)	Rohan Gunaratr	ıa	·	
	(c)	Ahmed Rashid			
	(d)	Gary J. Bass			
з.	In v	which city did She	ikh N	Mujibur Rahman outline his Six Points?	
	(a)	Dhaka			
	(b)	Karachi			
	(c)	Lahore			
	(d)	Chittagong			
4.	Whi	ch one of the foll	owing	is not correctly matched?	
	(a)	Daily Cheragh	:	Afghanistan	
	(b)	Daily Mirror	:	Sri Lanka	
	(c)	Dawn	:	Pakistan	
	(d)	Nagarik Daily	:	Bangladesh	
5.	The men	chairmanship/pronbers	esiden	ncy of the UN Security Council rotates among	the council
	(a)	every 6 months			
	(b)	every 3 months			
	(c)	every year			
	(d)	every month			

6.		permanent secretariat to coordinate the implementation of SAARC programme is ted at
	(a)	Dhaka
	(b)	New Delhi
	(c)	Colombo
	(d)	Kathmandu
7.		international township built near Puducherry in India in collaboration with
	(a)	Elbaville
	(b)	Auroville
	(c)	Gayaville
	(d)	Broadway
8.	Whe	en was SAARC founded?
	(a)	1982
	(b)	1984
	(c)	1985
	(d)	1983
9.		a was elected as a President of General Assembly of the United Nations in 1953. o occupied this office on behalf of India?
	(a)	S. Radhakrishnan
	(b)	Gopalswamy Iyyengar
	(c)	V. K. Krishna Menon
•	(d)	Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit
10.		i Nazrul Islam, a Bengali poet and national poet of Bangladesh is associated with th music tradition?
,	(a)	Nazrul Geeti
	(b)	Baul
	(c)	Adhunik Geeti
	(d)	Bhandari
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11. In which of the following South Asian countries would I not use a Rupee currency?							
(a)	India						
(b)	Sri Lanka						
(c)	Bangladesh						
(d)	Nepal						
	Which one of the following countries is landlocked and one of the most sparsely populated in South Asia?						
(a)	Bhutan						
(b)	Nepal						
(c)	Sri Lanka						
(d)	Maldives						
Whi	ch one of the following South Asian countries is the smallest in size?						
(a)	Maldives						
(b)	Nepal						
(c)	Sri Lanka						
(d)	Bangladesh						
Whe	ere is the SAARC Coastal Zone Management Centre (SCZMC) located?						
(a)	Bangladesh						
(b)	Maldives						
(c)	Sri Lanka						
(d)	India						
Which South Asian leader of the 20th Century is also referred to as Fakhr-e-Afghan and Frontier Gandhi?							
(a)	Abul Kalam						
(b)	Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan						
(c)	Liaquat Ali Khan						
(d)	Khan Abdul Ali Khan						
	5 [P.T.C).					
	(a) (b) (c) (d) Whit (a) (b) (c) (d) Whit From (a) (b) (c) (d) (d)	(a) India (b) Sri Lanka (c) Bangladesh (d) Nepal Which one of the following countries is landlocked and one of the most sparsel populated in South Asia? (a) Bhutan (b) Nepal (c) Sri Lanka (d) Maldives Which one of the following South Asian countries is the smallest in size? (a) Maldives Which one of the following South Asian countries is the smallest in size? (a) Maldives (b) Nepal (c) Sri Lanka (d) Bangladesh Where is the SAARC Coastal Zone Management Centre (SCZMC) located? (a) Bangladesh (b) Maldives (c) Sri Lanka (d) India Which South Asian leader of the 20th Century is also referred to as Fakhr-e-Afghan an Frontier Gandhi? (a) Abul Kalam (b) Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan (c) Liaquat Ali Khan (d) Khan Abdul Ali Khan					

16.	Wh	ich UNESCO world heritage site is the focus of Amitav Ghosh's The Hungry Tide?
	(a)	Western Ghats
	(b)	Sinharaja
	(c)	Sunderbans
	(d)	Chitwan
17.	Wh:	ich of the following countries is not a part of the Kailash Sacred Landscape aservation Initiative?
	(a)	China
	(b)	India
	(c)	Nepal
	(d)	Bhutan
18.	Who	o is the founder of the well-known Pakistani band 'Junoon'?
	(a)	Ali Zafar
	(b)	Shafqat Amanat Ali
	(c)	Salman Ahmad
	(d)	Bilal Maqsood
19.	Whi Nati	ch of the current SAARC countries was one of the founding members of the United ons?
	(a)	Afghanistan
	(b)	India
	(c)	Pakistan
	(d)	Sri Lanka
20.	Whice Third	ch South Asian feminist scholar is the author of Feminism and Nationalism in the d World?
	(a)	Kumari Jayawardena
	(b)	Naila Kabeer
	(c)	Nivedita Menon
	(d)	Rubina Saigol

	(a)	November			
	(b)	December			
	(c)	January			
	(d)	February			
22.		o was elected the first President of Nepal following the Constituent Assembly tions held in 2008?			
	(a)	Baburam Bhattarai			
	(b)	Girija Prasad Koirala			
	(c)	Pushpa Kamal Dahal			
	(d)	Ram Baran Yadav			
23.	Wha	at is the national language of Bhutan?			
	(a)	Dzongkha			
	(b)	Khengka			
	(c)	Lhotshamka			
	(d)	Tshanglakha			
24.		The Naghlu dam and proposed hydropower project are located in which of the following countries?			
	(a)	Bhutan			
	(b)	Afghanistan			
	(c)	Pakistan			
	(d)	Sri Lanka			
25.	The	book Muslim Zion : Pakistan as a Political Idea is written by			
	(a)	Mohammed Hanif			
	(b)	Pervez Hoodbhoy			
	(c)	Zia Mian			
	(d)	Faisal Devji			
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		1 1 1 1 1 0 1			

In which month is the SAARC Charter Day celebrated?

21.

PART—B

26.	Who	was the architect of the 'New Deal'?
	(a)	Clement Attlee
	(b)	Ernest Bevin
	(c)	Franklin Delano Roosevelt
	(d)	Mao Tse Tung
27.		invasion of which country by Germany in 1939 led Britain and France to declare on it?
	(a)	Czechoslovakia
	(b)	Poland
	(c)	Finland
	(d)	Serbia
28.	The	1973 War between Israel on one side and Syria and Egypt on the other is referred to he
	(a)	Six-day War
	(b)	Ramadan War
	(c)	Phantom War
	(d)	Football War
29.	Clas	ssical realism is also referred to as
	(a)	traditional realism
	(b)	human nature realism
	(c)	pragmatism
	(d)	structural realism
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	(d)	scapegoat war
	(c)	preventive war
	(b)	pre-emptive war
	(a)	diversionary war
33.	The evid	phenomenon where a country launches an attack based on what it considers clear lence that an enemy attack is imminent, is termed as
	(d)	None of the above
	(c)	the voluntary surrender of nuclear weapons by states
	(b)	the phenomenon where states that do not have nuclear weapons but are acquiring nuclear weapons
	(a)	the phenomenon where states already possess nuclear weapons but are increasing their stockpiles of such weapons
32.	The	term 'vertical proliferation' refers to
	(d)	India and Pakistan
	(c)	Vietnam and Cambodia
	(b)	Finland and Russia
	(a)	North Korea and South Korea
31.	Whi	ch two countries are technically still at war as they have not signed a peace treaty?
	(d)	the Crimean War
	(c)	the German-Italian security agreement during the inter-War period
	(b)	the establishment of Benito Mussolini's rule in Italy
	(a)	the unification of Italy
30.	The	Risorgimento resulted in

	(a)	Ceylon
	(b)	Indonesia
	(c)	Burma
	(d)	India
35.	Wł	no is the author of The Logic of Scientific Discovery?
	(a)	Karl Popper
	(b)	Imre Lakatos
	(c)	Paul Fayerabend
	(d)	David Hume
36.	Ers	twhile Indo-China was constituted by present-day
	(a)	Vietnam, Cambodia, Laos
	(b)	Vietnam, Thailand, Laos
	(c)	Thailand, Cambodia, Vietnam
	(d)	Thailand, Philippines, Vietnam
37.	Whi	ch of the following countries was formerly known as 'Formosa'?
	(a)	Philippines
	(b)	Taiwan
	(c)	Lebanon
	(d)	Liberia
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The 1955 Asian-African Conference was held in

34.

38.	The	Rome Statute led to
	(a)	the creation of the International Criminal Court
	(b)	the establishment of Landmine Treaty
	(c)	the participation of Italy in international peacekeeping missions
	(d)	the practice of humanitarian interventions
39.	Whi	ch among the following countries does not have a standing military?
	(a)	Fiji
	(b)	Costa Rica
	(c)	Switzerland
	(d)	Sweden
40.	Who	is the author of A Case of Exploding Mangoes?
	(a)	Mohammed Hanif
	(b)	Samantha Power
	(c)	Steve Coll
	(d)	Fareed Zakaria
1.	The	present round of negotiations of the WTO is referred to as the
	(a)	Doha Round
	(b)	Uruguay Round
	(c)	Post-Washington Round

(d) None of the above

42.	Rob	Robert Cox, a prominent scholar of international relations, started his career working at		
	(a)	the International Labour Organization (ILO)		
	(b)	the UN Secretariat		
	(c)	the Nuremberg Trials		
	(d)	the Hague		
43.	The formulation I think, therefore I am' is associated with which thinker?			
	(a)	Rene Descartes		
	(b)	Plato		
	(c)	J. S. Mill		
	(d)	Friedrich Nietzsche		
44.	The	'Uniting for Peace' Resolution was introduced in the UN in the context of the		
	(a)	Congo Crisis		
	(b)	Korean War		
	(c)	Cuban Missile Crisis		
	(d)	Vietnam War		
45.	Aime Cesaire was a prominent member			
	(a)	of the Negritude Movement		
	(b)	in the fight against apartheid		
	(c)	of the Civil Rights Movement in the USA		
	(d)	None of the above		
46.	Which prominent international relations scholar argued in 2012 that Iran should get the (nuclear) bomb'?			
	(a)	Vali Nasr		
	(b)	Mahmood Mamdani		
	(c)	Kenneth Waltz		
	(d)	Stefano Guzzini		
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47.	The idea of 'embedded liberalism' can be traced to		
	(a)	Adam Smith	
	(b)	Friedrich Hayek	
	(c)	Karl Polanyi	
	(d)	David Mitrany	
48.	The	headquarter of the African Union is located in	
	(a)	Cape Town	
	(b)	Kampala	
	(c)	Addis Ababa	
	(d)	Johannesburg	
49.	Whi	ch scholar has argued that sovereignty is nothing but 'organized hypocrisy'?	
	(a)	Noam Chomsky	
	(b)	Stephen Krasner	
	(c)	Ashis Nandy	
	(d)	Hans Morgenthau	
50.	The	notion of 'incommensurability' is linked to the thinking of	
	(a)	Thomas Kuhn	
	(b)	Richard Cobden	
	(c)	Adam Smith	
	(d)	Robert Jervis	

PART-C

Answer any 2 (two) questions. Each question carries 25 marks

- 1. Which theoretical approach do you think best explains the international relations of the South Asian region? Clearly specify the tenets of the approach and instances that justify your argument. Please ensure that you comprehensively justify your choice.
- 2. Do you think that the end of the Cold War has changed the nature and dynamics of international relations? Provide a well-argued answer that engages with important ideas and concepts in international relations or social science in general.
- 3. The state is increasingly losing its salience and standing in international relations. Do you agree with this proposition? Provide a comprehensive answer that goes beyond empirical claims.
- **4.** The relationship between war and morality has been an area of interest to many international relations scholars. What is your view on this relationship? Write an answer that comprehensively examines the relationship.
- 5. What are the varied meanings of the term 'theory' in the context of international relations as a discipline? What, according to you, ought to be the role of theory?
- 6. In the context of international relations, do you believe that history has a tendency to repeat itself? Write an answer that takes a clear stand on this issue.
- 7. How has international relations as a discipline been influenced by insights from other disciplines? Write an answer that clearly points out such influences and how they have added to our understanding of concepts and processes in the discipline.
- **8.** Which level of analysis would best capture the international relations of South Asia? Why? Elaborate.

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